Annual Management Report of Fund Performance

BMO Harris Emerging Markets Equity Portfolio

For the period ended December 31, 2013

This annual management report of fund performance contains financial highlights, but does not contain the complete annual financial statements of the Portfolio. If the annual financial statements of the Portfolio do not accompany the mailing of this report, you may obtain a copy of the annual financial statements at your request, and at no cost, by calling 1-800-361-1392, by e-mailing us at **contact.centre@bmo.com**, by writing to us at BMO Harris Investment Management Inc., 1 First Canadian Place, 100 King St. W., 41st Floor, Toronto, Ontario, M5X 1A1 or by visiting our website at **www.bmoharrisprivatebanking.com** or SEDAR at **www.sedar.com**. You may also contact us using one of these methods to request a copy of the Portfolio's proxy voting policies and procedures, proxy voting disclosure record and/or quarterly portfolio disclosure.

Management Discussion of Fund Performance

BMO Harris Investment Management Inc. ("BHIMI" or the "Manager"), the manager and portfolio manager, is responsible for the management of the overall business, investments and operations of the BMO Harris Private Portfolios and has engaged Comgest S.A. ("Comgest" or the "sub-advisor") as the sub-advisor of BMO Harris Emerging Markets Equity Portfolio (the "Portfolio").

Investment Objective and Strategies

The Portfolio's investment objective is to achieve long term growth through capital appreciation by primarily investing in securities of companies in emerging markets or companies with a connection to emerging markets.

To seek to achieve the Portfolio's objectives, the sub-advisor employs bottom-up security selection to select attractively priced companies that show exceptional characteristics with strong competitive positions that are likely to appreciate steadily over the long-term. This process is based on quantitative and fundamental analyses that consider the company's balance sheet and earnings as well as the quality of the company's management.

The Portfolio may use derivative instruments in an effort to reduce the impact of currency fluctuations on, and to add value to, the Portfolio's investment portfolio. Stock index futures may also be used as a substitute for acquiring or selling the underlying securities which allows the Portfolio to efficiently manage its cash flow and its exposure to different countries.

Risk

Effective July 12, 2013, as outlined in the Portfolio's most recent prospectus, the risk rating of the Portfolio was reduced from "High" to "Medium to High" to better align with the Portfolio's risk level. The investment objectives, investment strategies and management of the Portfolio did not change as a result of the change in risk rating.

Results of Operations

Over the 12-month period ended December 31, 2013, the Portfolio returned 17.01% in C$ (9.61% in US$), after expenses. The Portfolio's benchmark is the MSCI Emerging Markets Index, which generated a 4.12% in C$ (-2.60% in US$) total return over the same 12-month period.

Developed market equity markets posted strong gains over the period as a result of abundant liquidity, better-than-expected economic data (notably in Europe) and improved investor appetite for equities. Both global corporate earnings and valuation multiples rose.The emerging markets, however, struggled with declining corporate productivity and profitability, downward earnings growth revisions, low economic growth, weak foreign exchange rates and interest rate increases. Emerging market countries with external deficits struggled most, as did commodity producers in the emerging markets, amidst rising concern over reduced investment from developed markets. In addition, the use of restrictive monetary policies (such as increasing interest rates in India, Brazil, Turkey and Indonesia) to defend currencies and keep inflation low weighed on the emerging markets. The currencies of South Africa, Brazil, Indonesia and Chile remained at risk.

The Portfolio outperformed the benchmark over the period. From a regional perspective, the Portfolio's holdings in Russia, China and South Korea contributed to performance. On a sector basis, its holdings in the Information Technology and Consumer Staples sectors also contributed to performance, as did its underweight position in the Energy sector. Significant individual contributors to performance included Internet search engines Naver Corp., Yandex NV and Baidu, Inc., as Internet companies benefited from accelerating revenue growth and cash flow generation. Other significant contributors to performance included Russian retailer Magnit OAO, Hong Kong conglomerate Hutchison Whampoa Ltd., Brazilian food processor JBS S.A., Indian automotive company Tata Motors Ltd. and Brazilian financial firm Cielo S.A.

From a regional perspective, the Portfolio's positions in Taiwan and India detracted from performance. On a sector basis, the Portfolio's gold mine holdings, including Gold Fields Ltd., Randgold Resources Ltd. and Newcrest Mining Limited were also detractors from performance. Significant individual detractors from performance included Industrials sector holdings CCR S.A. and WEG S.A. Both companies struggled with the Brazilian real's devaluation. Other significant detractors from performance included Brazilian cosmetics company Natura Cosméticos S.A. and Indian electrical equipment provider Bharat Heavy Electricals Ltd. Both companies failed to meet analysts' growth expectations.

The sub-advisor added several companies to the Portfolio, including MediaTek Inc., Compagnie Financière Richemont SA, Hutchison Whampoa Ltd. and Localiza Rent a Car SA. The sub-advisor believes that Taiwanese chip designer MediaTek Inc. will benefit from the rapid proliferation of low-end smartphones in China and other emerging markets. The sub-advisor also added several emerging markets-based multinationals (companies based in the emerging markets but competing globally) to the Portfolio, including Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing Company, Ltd., JBS S.A. and Tata Motors Ltd. The sub-advisor believes that these companies will benefit from growth beyond the emerging markets region. The sub-advisor eliminated positions in Bharti Airtel Ltd., Bunge Ltd., Duratex SA, E-Mart Co., Ltd., Kernel Holding S.A. and Petroleo Brasileiro S.A. The sub-advisor also reduced the Portfolio's exposure to gold mines to a negligible level.

For information on the Portfolio's longer-term performance and composition, please refer to the Past Performance section and Summary of Investment Portfolio section of this report.

Recent Developments

In the sub-advisor's view, the outlook for the emerging markets is unclear. Equity valuations remain low, investor sentiment is negative and economic growth continues to be disappointing. Emerging market countries with solid fiscal and current-account balances, as well as those with active reform initiatives in place (China, Mexico and possibly India), are likely to outperform emerging market countries that rely on foreign financing (Indonesia and Turkey).

The sub-advisor will maintain the Portfolio's substantial exposure to the Consumer Staples sector. The sub-advisor believes that the valuations of many companies in the sector have reached high levels, and that emerging market consumers are struggling with slower economic growth and a maturing credit cycle. However, the sub-advisor believes that in-depth knowledge of specific companies, diversification through exposure to international names and smaller portfolio weightings will protect the Portfolio from any 'de-rating' risk, if the recovery in consumer demand is slower than expected.

The sub-advisor believes that the bottom-line results of the Portfolio's life insurance company holdings are recovering as a result of improving investment returns and increased demand for insurance products. The sub-advisor also believes that the industry has good growth prospects, as shown by the double-digit annual growth in life insurance premiums in Asia and Latin America over the last decade.

Future Accounting Standards

Canadian investment entities will be required to prepare their financial statements in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS"), as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board, for fiscal years beginning on or after January 1, 2014. As a result, the Portfolio will report its financial results for the interim period ending June 30, 2014, prepared on an IFRS basis. It will also provide comparative data on an IFRS basis, including an opening balance sheet as at January 1, 2013 ("transition date").

The differences between the Portfolio's accounting policies under Canadian Generally Accepted Accounting Principles ("GAAP") and IFRS requirements will result in measurement and recognition differences on transition to IFRS. The net impact of these differences will be recorded in the increase/decrease in net assets attributable to redeemable unitholders.

Significant Accounting Changes Resulting from Our Adoption of IFRS

The main accounting changes listed below should not be considered a comprehensive list of impacts of adopting IFRS, but rather the most significant of certain key changes.

The framework for fair valuation is set out under IFRS 13 Fair Value Measurement, which includes the requirements for the measurement and disclosure of fair value. If an asset or liability measured at fair value has a bid price and an ask price, the standard requires valuation to be based on a price within the bid-ask spread that is most representative of fair value. The standard allows the use of mid-market pricing or other pricing conventions that are used by market participants as a practical means for fair value measurements within a bid-ask spread. Thus this standard will impact the net assets per unit for financial statement reporting purposes compared to current standards, and may also result in the elimination of the differences between the net asset per unit and Net Asset Value per unit ("NAVPU") at the financial statement reporting date.

While IFRS does not require interest income to be disclosed for debt instruments measured at Fair Value through Profit or Loss, when interest income is disclosed, IFRS requires that the effective interest rate method of calculating accrued interest be used rather than the straight-line amortization method. The Manager is assessing the impact of this change to the Portfolio's financial statements. The Manager has not identified any changes that will impact NAVPU as a result of the transition to IFRS.

Where the Portfolio holds controlling interest in an investment, it is the Manager's expectation that the Portfolio will qualify as an Investment Entity in accordance with IFRS 10 Consolidated Financial Statements. As such, the Portfolio will not be required to consolidate its investments, but rather to hold the investments at Fair Value through Profit or Loss regardless of whether those investments are controlled. If the Portfolio fair values the investments it controls, it may be required to make additional financial statement disclosures on its controlled investments in accordance with IFRS 12 Disclosure of Interests in Other Entities ("IFRS 12"). IFRS 12 also requires additional disclosures if the Portfolio is determined to qualify as an investment entity without having all of the typical characteristics of an investment entity.

The criteria contained within IAS 32 Financial Instruments: Presentation ("IAS 32") will result in the classification of the unitholders' equity as a liability within the Portfolio's Statement of Net Assets, unless all conditions required for equity classification are met. The Manager is currently assessing the Portfolio's unitholder structure to determine classification under IAS 32.

Under IFRS, cash flows statement is one of the primary financial statements required to be presented. The Portfolio will therefore be presenting cash flows statement in its set of financial statements in accordance with the presentation requirements in IAS 7 Statement of Cash Flows.

Related Party Transactions

BMO Trust Company, an indirect, wholly-owned subsidiary of Bank of Montreal, is the trustee (the "trustee") and BHIMI is the manager of the Portfolio. From time to time, BHIMI may, on behalf of the Portfolio, enter into transactions or arrangements with or involving other members of BMO Financial Group, or certain other persons or companies that are related or connected to the Portfolio (each, a "related party" and collectively, the "related parties").

Sub-advisor

BHIMI has hired Comgest to provide investment advice and make investment decisions for the Portfolio's investment portfolio. Comgest receives an investment advisory fee based on assets under management that is paid quarterly. Comgest is paid by BHIMI, and BHIMI charges portion of the sub-advisory fee as an expense to the Portfolio.

Wealth Management Fee

Units of the Portfolio are only available through the wealth management service offered by BMO Financial Group. The trustee, a related party, receives an annual fee from each investor for the wealth management service offered by BMO Financial Group. A tiered schedule is applied to calculate the annual fee for this service. The fee schedule starts at 1.95% and declines to 0.20% (depending on the nature and size of the investor's investment portfolio), and is calculated as a percentage of the assets under management. The actual wealth management fee payable by each investor is set out in BHIMI's *Investment Management Fee Schedule* that has been provided to the investor when the investor enters into an investment management agreement with the trustee and BHIMI. The wealth management fee is paid directly by the investor to the trustee. The trustee may compensate financial institutions and securities registrants within BMO Financial Group for client referrals to the wealth management service.

Unitholder Services

The Portfolio is provided with certain facilities and services by related parties. BMO Asset Management Inc. ("BMO AM Inc.") is the registrar of the Portfolio. The trustee and BMO AM Inc. are paid by the Portfolio for fees relating to the custodial and administrative services they provide, respectively. Administrative services include fund accounting, record keeping and purchases/redemption order processing. The fees charged to the Portfolio during the period were as follows:

	Period ended Dec. 31, 2013 ($000s)	Period ended Dec. 31, 2012 ($000s)
Unitholder Services	181	194

Management Fee

There is no management fee charged to the Portfolio. The trustee receives an annual fee from investors for the wealth management service offered by BMO Financial Group.

Financial Highlights

The following tables show selected key financial information about the Portfolio and are intended to help you understand the Portfolio's financial performance for the periods indicated.

The Portfolio's Net Assets Per Unit [1]		Years ended December 31 2013	2012	2011	2010	2009
Net assets, beginning of period	$	11.87	10.53	13.26	11.71	8.22
Increase (decrease) from operations:						
Total revenue	$	0.24	0.20	0.26	0.22	0.19
Total expenses	$	(0.16)	(0.08)	(0.05)	(0.05)	(0.07)
Realized gains (losses) for the period	$	(0.18)	(0.79)	0.03	0.16	0.18
Unrealized gains (losses) for the period	$	2.25	2.15	(2.73)	1.45	3.21
Total increase (decrease) from operations [2]	$	2.15	1.48	(2.49)	1.78	3.51
Distributions:						
From income (excluding dividends)	$	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	—
From dividends	$	0.17	0.16	0.27	0.18	—
From capital gains	$	—	—	—	—	—
Return of capital	$	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Total Annual Distributions [3]	$	0.17	0.16	0.27	0.18	0.00
Net assets, end of period	$	13.73	11.87	10.53	13.26	11.71

(1) This information is derived from the Portfolio's audited annual financial statements. The net assets per unit presented in the financial statements differs from the net asset value calculated for Portfolio pricing purposes. An explanation of these differences can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

(2) Net assets and distributions are based on the actual number of units outstanding at the relevant time. The increase/decrease from operations is based on the weighted average number of units outstanding over the financial period. This table is not intended to be a reconciliation of beginning to ending net assets per unit.

(3) Distributions were paid in cash or reinvested in additional units of the Portfolio, or both.

Ratios and Supplemental Data		Years ended December 31 2013	2012	2011	2010	2009
Total net asset value (000s) [1]	$	231,530	121,334	120,942	172,398	126,564
Number of units outstanding (000s) [1]		16,857	10,213	11,468	12,992	10,791
Management expense ratio [2]	%	1.05	0.54	0.28	0.30	0.43
Management expense ratio before waivers or management absorptions	%	1.22	0.56	0.28	0.30	0.43
Trading expense ratio [3]	%	0.25	0.18	0.11	0.13	0.23
Portfolio turnover rate [4]	%	32.27	38.29	39.42	23.41	34.33
Net asset value per unit	$	13.73	11.88	10.55	13.27	11.73

(1) This information is provided as at December 31 of the period shown.

(2) Management expense ratio is based on total expenses (excluding commissions and other portfolio transaction costs) for the stated period and is expressed as an annualized percentage of daily average net asset value during the period.

(3) The trading expense ratio represents total commissions and other portfolio transaction costs expressed as an annualized percentage of daily average net asset value during the period.

(4) The portfolio turnover rate indicates how actively the Portfolio's sub-advisor manages its portfolio investments. A portfolio turnover rate of 100% is equivalent to the Portfolio buying and selling all of the securities in its portfolio once in the course of the year. The higher a portfolio turnover rate in a year, the greater the trading costs payable by the Portfolio in the year, and the greater the chance of an investor receiving taxable capital gains in the year. There is not necessarily a relationship between a high turnover rate and the performance of a Portfolio.

Past Performance

General

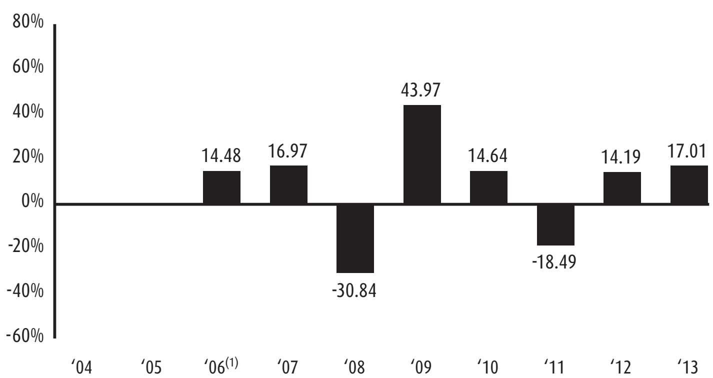
The Portfolio's performance information assumes that all distributions made by the Portfolio in the periods shown were reinvested in additional units of the Portfolio and is based on the net asset value of the Portfolio.

The performance information does not take into account sales, redemption, distribution or other optional charges that, if applicable, would have reduced returns or performance. Please remember, how the Portfolio has performed in the past does not necessarily indicate how it will perform in the future.

Year-by-Year Returns

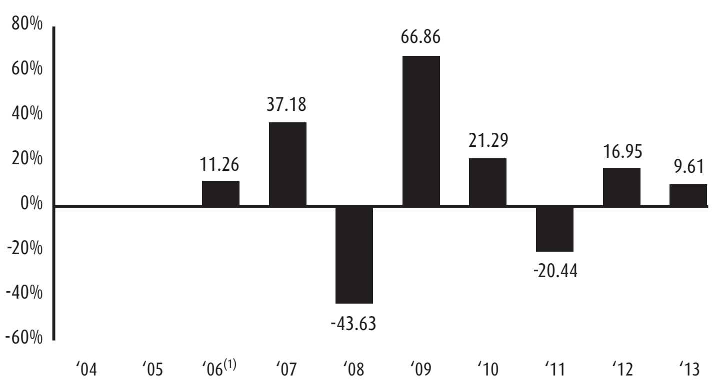
The following bar charts show the performance for each of the financial years shown and illustrates how the performance has changed from year to year. The bar charts show in percentage terms how an investment made on the first day of each financial year would have increased or decreased by the last day of each financial year.

BMO Harris Emerging Markets Equity Portfolio (C$)



(1) Return from November 1, 2006 to December 31, 2006.

BMO Harris Emerging Markets Equity Portfolio (US$)



(1) Return from November 1, 2006 to December 31, 2006.

Annual Compound Returns

These charts compare the historical annual compound returns of the Portfolio with the MSCI Emerging Markets Index, which is a free float-adjusted market capitalization weighted index that measures equity market performance (total return) in global emerging markets.

	1 yr %	3 yrs %	5yrs %	10yrs %	Since Inception§ %
BMO Harris Emerging Markets Equity Portfolio‡ (C$)	17.01	2.89	12.45	n/a	7.38
MSCI Emerging Markets Index (C$)	4.12	0.15	11.60	n/a	4.59

	1 yr %	3 yrs %	5yrs %	10yrs %	Since Inception§ %
BMO Harris Emerging Markets Equity Portfolio‡ (US$)	9.61	0.66	15.60	n/a	8.35
MSCI Emerging Markets Index (US$)	-2.60	-2.06	14.79	n/a	5.38

‡The Portfolio's return is after the deduction of expenses, while the benchmarks do not include any costs of investing.

§The Portfolio commenced offering units by way of prospectus on November 1, 2006.

A commentary on the market and/or information regarding the relative performance of the Portfolio as compared to its benchmark can be found under the Results of Operations section of this report.

Summary of Investment Portfolio
as at December 31, 2013

Portfolio Allocation	% of Net Asset Value
Brazil	18.3
China	12.9
Hong Kong	10.3
Taiwan	8.7
South Africa	7.6
Russia	7.2
Mexico	5.7
South Korea	5.3
India	4.7
Luxembourg	3.9
Cash/Receivables/Payables	3.9
Switzerland	3.5
Netherlands	3.0
United Kingdom	2.0
Malaysia	1.8
Turkey	1.2
Total portfolio allocation	**100.0**

Sector Allocation	
Information Technology	22.0
Consumer Staples	21.2
Industrials	13.9
Financials	13.4
Telecommunication Services	11.0
Consumer Discretionary	8.3
Energy	3.9
Cash/Receivables/Payables	3.9
Health Care	2.4
Total sector allocation	**100.0**

Top 25 Holdings	% of Net Asset Value
Issuer	
Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing Company Limited, ADR	5.9
China Mobile Limited	4.9
China Life Insurance Company Limited, H Shares	4.3
Tenaris S.A., ADR	3.9
Cash/Receivables/Payables	3.9
Yandex N.V.	3.4
Baidu, Inc., ADR	3.3
Hutchison Whampoa Limited	3.2
Samsung Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	3.1
Ping An Insurance Group Company of China Ltd., H Shares	3.0
Heineken NV	3.0
Tata Motors Limited, ADR	3.0
Sanlam Limited	3.0
MediaTek Inc.	2.8
Natura Cosmeticos S.A.	2.8
JBS S.A.	2.8
OdontoPrev S.A.	2.4
MTN Group Limited	2.3
Tencent Holdings Limited	2.3
Weg S.A.	2.3
BRF S.A.	2.3
Naspers Limited, N Shares	2.3
NAVER Corporation	2.2
Compagnie Financiere Richemont SA, Class A	2.2
Magnit OJSC, GDR	2.2
Top holdings as a percentage of net asset value	**76.8**
Total Net Asset Value	**$231,529,678**

The summary of investment portfolio may change due to the Portfolio's ongoing portfolio transactions. Updates are available quarterly.

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Trustee
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This document may contain forward-looking statements relating to anticipated future events, results, circumstances, performance or expectations that are not historical facts but instead represent our beliefs regarding future events. By their nature, forward-looking statements require us to make assumptions and are subject to inherent risks and uncertainties. There is significant risk that predictions and other forward-looking statements will not prove to be accurate. We caution readers of this document not to place undue reliance on our forward-looking statements as a number of factors could cause actual future results, conditions, actions or events to differ materially from the targets, expectations, estimates or intentions expressed or implied in the forward-looking statements. Actual results may differ materially from management expectations as projected in such forward-looking statements for a variety of reasons, including but not limited to market and general economic conditions, interest rates, regulatory and statutory developments, the effects of competition in the geographic and business areas in which the Portfolio may invest and the risks detailed from time to time in BMO Harris Private Portfolios' simplified prospectus. We caution that the foregoing list of factors is not exhaustive and that when relying on forward-looking statements to make decisions with respect to investing in the Portfolio, investors and others should carefully consider these factors, as well as other uncertainties and potential events, and the inherent uncertainty of forward-looking statements. Due to the potential impact of these factors, BMO Harris Investment Management Inc. does not undertake, and specifically disclaims, any intention or obligation to update or revise any forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise, unless required by applicable law.

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